### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIX CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED

# Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **ARIX CONSULTANTS PRIVATE** LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. My responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. i believe that the audit evidence i have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Information Other than the Standalone financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibility

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, i am also
  responsible for expressing my opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls
  system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based
  on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that
  may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a
  material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related
  disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my

# 23, SAINIK VIHAR DELHI-110034

- opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that i have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, i determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred as the "order"), based on audit I give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, I report that:
  - a. I have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of my knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of my audit.
  - b. In my opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from My examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and statement change in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In my opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2020 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over the financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to my separate report in "Annexure B", Tumar G

# CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT 23, SAINIK VIHAR DELHI-110034

- g. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16): The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March, 2020to its directors
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its standalone financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 44 to the financial statements;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year in consideration.

New Delhi 10-July-2020 Rajiv Kumar Gupta
Chartered Accountant

Membership No. 83497

# Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in my Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, I report that:

- i. According to the records of the Company and the information and explanation given to me, the company has no Fixed Assets and accordingly, the requirement of clause (i) of paragraph 3 of the said order is not applicable to the company.
- ii. The company business does not involve inventories. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii) of the said order is not applicable to the company.
- During the year the Company has granted loans to the parties (Group companies) listed in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. The terms & condition on which the loan has been granted were not prima facie prejudicial to the interest of the company. According to information and explanation given to me, there is no stipulation with regard to its repayment and interest. The said loan is repayable on demand.
- iv. In my opinion and according to the information and explanation given to me, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the companies Act, 2013, with respect to loans and investment made.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act, and the rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.

vii.

- a. According to the records of the Company and the information and explanation given to me, the Company has been generally regular in depositing its undisputed statutory dues such as Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, GST, Income Tax, Service Tax and any other material statutory dues whichever is applicable to the Company with the appropriate authorities during the year.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to me, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, GST, service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2020, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- c. According to the information and explanation given to me, no statutory due is outstanding on account of dispute.
- viii. According to the records of the company examined by me and the information and explanation given to me The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from the financial institution or bank or debenture holders as at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, Paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.



# RAJIV KUMAR GUPTA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT
23, SAINIK VIHAR DELHI-110034

- ix. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Further, the company does not have any term loans as at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed and to the best of my knowledge and belief and according to the explanations given to me, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to me and based on my examination of the records of the company, the company has not paid/provided any form of managerial remuneration.
- xii. In my opinion and according to the information and explanations given to me, the company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to me and based on my examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to me and based on my examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private allotment of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to me and based on my examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xvi. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

New Delhi 10-July-2020 Rajiv Kumar Gupta Chartered Accountant Membership No. 83497

# Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

I have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ARIX CONSULTANTS PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020, in conjunction with my audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

My audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. My audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In my opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

New Delhi 10-July-2020 Rajiv Kumar Gupta Chartered Accountant Membership No. 83497

BALANCE SHEET AS AT

		31-Mar-2020	<u> </u>	(Amount in ₹)
S.No.	PARTICULARS	NOTE NO.	As at March 31st,2020	As at March 31st,2019
I	ASSETS		<u> </u>	
1	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
	(a) PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS	3	200	. <del></del>
	(b) CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS		*	
	(c) GOODWILL		.=	-
	(d) INTANGIBLE ASSETS	4	-	•
	(e) FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	(i) INVESTMENTS	5	=	(*)
	(ii) LOANS	7	749,945.00	749,945.
	(ii) TRADE RECEIVABLE	8	=	7 <u>0</u>
	(iv) OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	9	-	
	(f) DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)	10	-	85
	(g) NON CURRENT TAX ASSETS(NET)	11		17
	(h) OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS	12	215,000.00	215,000.
	TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS (i)		964,945.00	964,945.
2	CURRENT ASSETS			
2.50	(a) INVENTORIES	13	÷	
	(b)FINANCIAL ASSETS	l l		
	(i) INVESTMENTS	6	-	-
	(ii) TRADE RECEIVABLE	14		-
	(iii) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15	23,732.79	23,732.
	(iv) BANK BALANCE OTHER THAN (iii) ABOVE	16	¥1	
	(v) LOANS	17	3 1	
	(vi) OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	18	<del>-</del> 2. )	4
	(c) CURRENT TAX ASSETS(NET)	19		-
	(d) OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	20	a <b>=</b> 0	
	(4) 4	1		
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS(ii)		23,732.79	23,732
	TOTAL ASSETS (i+ii)		988,677.79	988,677

II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1 EQUITY	21	500,000.00	500,000.00
(a) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	21	227,616.79	229,616.79
(b) OTHER EQUITY	22  -	727,616.79	729,616.79
TOTAL EQUITY (i)	1 -		
2 <u>LIABILITIES</u>	The makes	CALLY ET	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		228,695.00	228,695.00
(i) BORROWINGS	23	220,055.50	- 13 / M
(ii) TRADE PAYABLES	24	- I	-
(iii) OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	25	*	1, 72
(b) DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)	26	• ,	
(c) PROVISIONS	27	: 1	(-5)
(d) OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	28		228,695.00
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES (ii)	<u> </u>	228,695.00	220,030.00
CURRENT LIABILITIES	1 1		
(a) FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		*:	
(i) BORROWINGS	29	-	
(ii) TRADE PAYABLES	30	<u>⊕</u>	-
(iii) OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	31		
(b) OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	32	32,366.00	30,366.0
(c) PROVISIONS	33	S=0	
(d) CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES(NET )	34	•	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES(iii)		32,366.00	30,366.0
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES(i+ii+iii)		988,677.79	988,677.7

Significant Accounting Policies and

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RAJEEV KUMAR SAXENA

(DIN No.07245902)

(Director)

JEETESH KUMAR

(DIN No.06701650)

(Director)

PLACE: New Delhi

DATED:

10/07/2020

(1-53)

AUDITOR'S REPORT

SIGNED IN TERMS OF OUR SEPARATE REPORT OF EVEN DATE.

RAJIV KUMAR GUPTA (CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS)

(MEMBERSHIP NO.83497)

PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31-Mar-2020

		51-101	ar-2020		
S.N	lo	PARTICULARS		FIGURES FOR THE CURRENT REPORTING ENDED ON 31ST MARCH 2020	FIGURES FOR THE PREVIOUS REPORTING ENDED ON 31st MARCH 2019
		REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	_		
ì		REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	35	(E)	-
II		OTHER INCOME	36	-	3.00
111		TOTAL REVENUE(I+II)			
IV		EXPENSES:			
	а	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES	37		.#U
	b	FINANCE COSTS	38		( <del>-</del> ))
	С	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE	39		Œ0
		OTHER EXPENSES	40	2,000.00	2,000.00
	500	TOTAL EXPENSES		2,000.00	2,000.00
v		PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND TAX(III-IV)		(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)
VI		EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	1	20 전환	
VII		PROFIT BEFORE TAX (V-VI)		(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)
VIII		TAX EXPENSE	45	1	
•	а	CURRENT TAX		<u> </u>	.=:
		EARLIAR YEARS TAX		·	: <b>=</b> :
		DEFERRED TAX		: <del>=</del> :	
IX	٠	PROFIT(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)
X		OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		1	
^	(a)	Items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss		9. <b>4</b> 5	
	(b)	Equity instruments through other comprehensive income net change in fair value		-	·-
	(c)	Income Tax relating to items reclassified to Profit & Loss		-	·=
	(d)	Other Comprehensive Income For the year net of Tax		-	8
	5) 5.				
ΧI		TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)
XII		EARNING PER EQUITY SHARE (FACE VALUE `10)	1	1	
	а	BASIC	42	-0.04	
	b	DILUTED		-0.04	-0.04

Significant Accounting Policies and Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JEETESH KUMAR

(Director)

PLACE: New Delhi DATED: 10/07/2020

(DIN No.06701650)

RAJEEV KUMAR SAXENA

(Director)

(DIN No.07245902)

(1-53)

AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Amount in ₹)

SIGNED IN TERMS OF OUR SEPARATE REPORT OF EVEN DATE.

(CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS)

MEMBERSHIP NO .83497

Standalone Cash Flow Statement For The Year Peri	Figures as at 31/03/2020	Figures as at 31/03/2019	
Particulars	( Amount in ₹)	( Amount in ₹)	
A Cash flow from operating activities	7,	The Breeze costs.	
Profit before tax	(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)	
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	:-1	·	
Amortisation of Capital Revaluation Reserve	•	2	
Miscellaneous expenditure written off	3 <b>-</b> 0	•	
Interest and dividend income	8•3	•	
Interest expense	11	₩0	
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain) / loss	2•≡		
(Profit) / loss on sale of Property, plant & equipments	:=:	( <u>11</u> )	
Profit on sale of investment	/ <b>≥</b>	( <b>-</b> ))	
Net gain on financial assets measured at fair value through			
Operating profit before working capital changes	(2,000.00)	(2,000.00)	
Adjustments for:	A1000		
(Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	æ	j <b>a</b> W	
(Increase) / decrease in other current assets	1660	*(	
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	o <del>≈</del>	(*)	
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivable		(20)	
(Increase) / decrease in loans (short term)	42	:#X	
(Increase) / decrease in loans (long term)	:(#		
(Increase) / decrease in current tax assets	, <del>, ,</del>	**	
Increase/(decrease) in current tax liabillities	:-		
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	-		
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabillities	2,000.00	2,000.00	
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabillities	-	::1	
Cash generated from operations	<b>=</b>	-	
Current taxes paid		· ·	
Cash Flow from operating activity before	-	1225	
Exceptional Items			
Exceptional items	-		
Net cash from operating activities (A)	<u> </u>		
B Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of Property, plant and equipments	•	)) <del>*</del> C	
Sale of Property, plant and equipments	-	0.79	
(Increase)/decrease in current investments		0.20	
Profit on sale of investment	-	)⊛	
Loans/ deposits with subsidiaries			
Interest and dividend received	*	2	
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	· <u>-</u>	*	
C Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of share capital	9	-	
Repayment of long term borrowings	-		
Proceeds from long term borrowings	長	2	
Repayment from short term borrowings	-	-	
Proceeds from Short term borrowings	:91	100 100 100	
Interest and dividend paid		9	
Net cash used in financing activities (C)	-	3/ <b>F</b>	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	<b>.</b>	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	23,733.00	23,733.00	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	23,733.00	23,733.0	

omponents of cash and cash equivalents		00 W00 W0
On current accounts	23,732.79	23,732.79
On deposits accounts	9	
Cash on Hand	題	-
Total cash & cash equivalents	23,732.79	23,732.79

Notes:

Cash flow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS - 7 issued by the Institute of Chartered

Previous year's figures regrouped / recasted where ever necessary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

RAJEEV KUMAR SAXENA

(Director)

(DIN No.07245902)

RAJIV KUMAR GUPTA (CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS) (Membership No.83497)

As per our report of even date attached

(DIN No.06701650) Place: NEW DELHI DATE: 10/07/2020

(Director)

JEETESH KUMAR

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2020

### (a) EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at 31/0	3/2020	As at 31/03/2020		
Faiticuluis	No.of Shares	Amounts	No.of Shares	Amounts	
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period				500000	
Add:-Issued During the year	0	0	0	0	
Balance at the end the reporting period	50000	500000	50000	500000	

#### (b) OTHER EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 21ct MARCH 2010

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	Securities premium Accounts	General Reserve	Retained Earning	instruments through other comprehe- nsive income	Others	Total ·
As at April 01,2018	-	×-	2.32	-	200	2.32
Profit for the year	-		(0.02)	-	Īd	-0.02
Other Comprehensive income for the Year	-	-	-	-	-	0.00
Total Comprehensive income		-	2.30		-	2.30
			-	-		0.00
Dividend		_	-	-	=	0.00
Transfer to reserve Balance as at March 31st, 2019	-	_	2.30	-	=	2.30

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2020

(₹in lakhs)

Particulars	Securities premium Accounts	General Reserve	Retained Earning	Equity instruments through other comprehens ive income	Others	Total
Ac at April 01 2010	_	4	2.30		*	2.30
As at April 01,2019		-	(0.02)	-	**	-0.02
Profit for the year	28	_			7 <del>24</del> 5	0.00
Other Comprehensive income for the Year	-				_	2,28
Total Comprehensive income	-	· ·	2.28	-		2.20
Dividend	-	-	-	-		-
Transfer to reserve	-	-	-	-		-
Balance as at March 31st, 2020	, <del>-</del>	-	2.28	-	-	2.28

See accompanying Notes forming part of Financial Statements

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JEETESH KUMAR

(Director) (DIN No.06701650) RAJEEV KUMAR SAXENA

(Director)

(DIN No.07245902)

PLACE: New Delhi DATED:

10/07/2020

As per our report of even date attached

(CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS) (Membership No.83497)

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

NO TE	S.No	PARTICULARS	± -	=
No.				

#### NOTES TO THE STANDLONE FINACIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 Corporate overview

ARIX CONSULTANTS Pvt ltd(" the company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of companies Act, 1956. The address of its corporate office is 412-422, 4th floor, Indraprakash building, 21 barakhamba road, New Delhi 110001. The company is engaged in Consultancy services

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies

#### (A) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards(Ind AS) notified under section 133 of companies act 2013 ("ACT") read with The financial statements are prepared in accordance with inactive control of the act and rules thereafter.

Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015; and the other provisions of the act and rules thereafter.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under historical cost convention basis, except for certain financial instruments measured at

The company financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) All figures appearing in the financial statement are rounded to the nearest Indian Rupees (₹), except where otherwise indicated.

#### (B) Use of Judgments & Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the result are known / materialised.

#### (C) Revenue Recognition

Income is being accounted for on accrual basis

Revenue is recognized to the extent that is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the group and revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of government. The revenue is recognized net of GST(in any)

#### (D) Property, plant and equipment

- i) Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any.
- ii) The initial cost of an Fixed Assets are stated at cost, including freight, installation, duties and taxes, finance charges and other incidental expenses incurred during construction or installation to bring the assets to their state of intended use.
- iii) The company has elected to use the exemption available under Ind AS 101 to continue the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipments as recognised in the financial statements as the date of transition of Ind AS, measured as per previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost on date of transition (1st April 2018).
- iv) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on the Straight Line Method by considering the revised useful life of the assets(after retaining the estimated residual value of up to 5%) in the manner prescribed under schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.
- v) Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are amortised over their respective individual estimated useful lifes on straight line method. The company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all its intangible assets as recognised in its Indian GAAP financials as deemed cost as at the transition date (1st April 2018).

### (E) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

Impairment loss is provided; if any, to the extent, the carrying amount of assets exceed their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

Impairment losses recognised in prior years are reversed when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised no longer exist or have decreased. Such reversals are recognised as an increase in carrying amount of assets to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amounts that would been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised in previous years.

#### (f) Valuation of Investment

Investments are valued at acquisition cost Provision is made for diminution in the value of investment which is perceived to be of permanent nature.

#### (g) Inventories

Stocks of quoted share /debentures and other securities are valued at fair price, but where the fair value is not available, we consider the last value provided.

Stocks of unquoted shares/debenture and other securities valued at fair fair value to the extent possible.

The difference between the fair value of inventory and the cost price or market price which ever is lower recognised in Other comprehensive income.

# (H) Investment in subsidiaries, Joint ventures and Associates

Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are recorded at cost .

#### Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial assets to one entity and financial liability to another entity.

#### (I.1) Financial Assets



# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

lua I			
NO TE	S.No	PARTICULARS	
No.	=Mentern		_

Financial assets at amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets at amortised cost are represented by trade receivable, security deposits, cash and cash equivalent, employee and other advances.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive Income(FVTOCI): All equity investments are measured at fair values. Investments which are held for trading purpose/Investment purpose and where the company has exercised the option to classify the investments as fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), all fair value changes on the investments are recognised in OCI. The accumulated gain or losses recognised in OCI are classified to retained earnings on sale of such investments.

#### (I.2) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in case of loan and borrowings net of directly attributable costs.

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. For trade and other payable maturity within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying value approximates fair value due to short maturity of these instruments.

#### Investment Property

Investment property is property(land or a building-or part of a building-or both) held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in ordinary course of business. Investment properties are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### (K) Taxation

#### (K.1) Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the statement of Profit and loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### (K.2) Deferred Tax

(i) Deferred Tax is provided using balance sheet method on temporary difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial

reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or assets realized, based on tax rates( and tax laws) that have been enacted or subsequently enacted at the end of reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

- (ii) A deferred tax asset is recognised for unclaimed MAT credits that are carried forward as deferred tax assets.
- (L) Gratuity is being provided on cash basis.

#### (M) Foreign Currency Transaction

- i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of transaction.
- ii) Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year-end are translated at the year end rate, the resultant gain or loss will be recognized in the statement of profit and loss account.
- iii) Any gain or loss arising on account of exchange difference on settlement of transaction is recognized in the statement of profit and loss account.

#### (N) Provision and contingencies

The company creates a provision when there exists a present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources, when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### (O) Research and Development

Revenue expenditure on research and development is charged as an expense in the year in which it is incurred under respective heads of accounts. Expenditure which results in the creation of capital assets is capitalized and depreciation is provided on such assets as applicable.

#### Earnings per share

The Basic earning per share and diluted earning per share have been computed in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS-33) on, "Earnings Per Share" and is also shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS 3

The Changes in the carrying value of property, plant and equipments for the year ended March 31,2020 are as follows

There are no assets held by the company

The Changes in the carrying value of property, plant and equipments for the year ended March 31,2020 are as follows

There are no assets held by the company



2 64

#### INTANGIBLE ASSETS

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

_			
NO TE No.	S.No	PARTICULARS	

The Changes in the carrying value of intangible assets for the year ended March 31,2020 are as follows

The Changes in the carrying value of intangible	maron or people		(Amount in `)	
Particulars	Intellectual Property Rights	Software	Others	Total
Gross carrying value as of April 1,2019	0	0	0	0
Addition	0	0	0	0
Deletions	0	0	0	0
Gross carrying value as of March 31,2020	0	0	0	C
Accumulated Depreciation as of April 1,2019	0	0	0	C
Depreciation for the year	0	0	0	C
Disposals	0	0	0	C
Accumulated Depreciation as of March 31,2020	0	0	0	
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31,2020	0	0	0	0

The Changes in the carrying value of intangible assets for the year ended March 31,2019 are as follows

(Amount in ')

Particulars	Intellectual Property Rights	Software	Others	Total .
Gross carrying value as of April 1,2018	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0
Addition	U	0	0	0
Deletions	0	U	U	- 0
Gross carrying value as of March 31,2019	0	0	0	
Accumulated Depreciation as of April 1,2018	0	0	0	C
Depreciation for the year	0	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0	C
Accumulated Depreciation as of March 31,2019	0	0	0	0
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31,2019	0	0	0	.0

NON CURRENT INVESTMENT: 5

INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY SHARES (QUOTED)

NIL

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY UNQUOTED EQUITY SHARES AT COST

NIL

CURRENT INVESTMENT:

INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY SHARES (QUOTED)

NIL

INVESTMENT IN MUTUAL FUND

	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	INVESTMENT IN MUTUAL FUND		7-
1	INVESTMENT IN WOTOAL FORB		

	LOANS	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars	7,000	
(a)	SECURITY DEPOSITS		
	CONSIDERED GOOD		-
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	-	
	LESS: ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL	a .	
/L\	LOANS TO RELATED PARTY	749,945.00	749,945.00
(b)	(CONSIDERED GOOD-UNSECURED )		5.
(c)	LOANS TO EMPLOYEES	9	π.
(4)	LOAN TO OTHERS		
(d)	CONSIDERED GOOD	:=C	
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	-	H
	LESS: ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL	¥	
	TOTAL	749,945.00	749,945.00

TRADE RECEIVABLES:

	(Unsecured unless otherwise stated)	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars		1
(a)	CONSIDERED GOODS		
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	) (***) )***	
	LESS:ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL	-	
	TOTAL		

#### OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

		As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars		1.40
(a)	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	,	

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

NO TE No.	S.No	PARTICULARS		
	(b)	SECURITY DEPOSITS		
1	(c)	LONG TERM BANK DEPOSITS(MORE THAN 12 MONTHS)	-	*
1		ADVANCES TO SUBSIDIARY	-	5.
1	1.5(0.5)	CLAIMS	-	-
1		EMPLOYEES ADVANCE		
t	<u>\.</u>	TOTAL	•	<u> </u>

#### 10

<u>DEFERRED TAX</u>

Deferred income tax reflect the net tax effects of temporary difference between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant component of the company net deferred income tax as follows.

#### Deferred tax assets:

0.11-	D. disulare	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
5. NO	Particulars THE BALANCE COMPROMISE TEMPORARY DIFFERENCE ATTRIBUTAL TO:		
	27		-
	DEPRECIATION		
(b)	UNUSED TAX CREDITS (MAT CREDIT ENTITLEMENT)	-	_
(c)	OTHERS	-	-
	TOTAL DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	-	

	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
MOVEMENT IN DEFERRED TAX	AS at Circulation	
CHARGED/(CREDITED)		
TO PROFIT & LOSS		
TO OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
UNUSED TAX CREDITS( MAT CREDIT ENTITLEMENT)		
TOTAL		

#### NON CURRENT TAX ASSETS 11

C N-	Destinuing	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
(a)	Particulars ADVANCE INCOME TAX AND TAX DEDUCTED AT SOURCE (NET OF PROVISION FOR		-
	TAXATION)		-
	TOTAL		

#### OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS 12

		As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars		3=3
(a)	ADVANCE TO RELATED PARTIES		_
(b)	SECURITY DEPOSITS TO RELATED PARTIES		
	SECURITY DEPOSITS TO OTHERS	1.5	1
	PREPAID EXPENSES		215,000.00
	OTHER ADVANCE	215,000.00	
(e)	TOTAL	215,000.00	215,000.0

#### INVENTORIES

There are no inventories held by the company

#### 14 TRADE RECEIVABLES:

	(Unsecured unless otherwise stated)	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
S. No	Particulars	As at concess	
1-1	CONSIDERED GOODS	## (##)	-
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	-	- 4
	LESS:ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL TOTAL	•	-

	CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS :	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
S. No	Particulars	As at Oncoraca	
(a)	BALANCE WITH BANKS	s <u>*</u> ×	-
	IN DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS	23,732.79	23,732.79
	IN CURRENT ACCOUNTS	20,702.70	75780.85.17 (#3
(b)	CHEQUES, DRAFTS ON HAND		120
(c)	CASH ON HAND TOTAL	23,732.79	23,732.79

#### OTHER BANK BALANCE

S. No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
5.01	Earmarked Balance DEPOSITS WITH ORIGINAL MATURITY FOR MORE THAN 3 MONTHS BUT LESS THAN 12	*	



# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

umar G

O E S.No	PARTICULARS	 in the second
(b)	MONTHS DEPOSITS WITH ORIGINAL MATURITY FOR MORE THAN 12 MONTHS MARGIN MONEY	
1	TOTAL	 141

#### 17 LOANS

S No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
0.110	Turtiourus		
(a)	SECURITY DEPOSITS		
	CONSIDERED GOODS	=	(=1
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	2	-
	LESS:ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL		-
(b)	LOANS TO RELATED PARTY		:=:
( c)	LOANS TO EMPLOYEES	-	(*)
(d)	LOAN TO OTHERS		
	CONSIDERED GOOD	-	
	CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL	8	
	LESS: ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL		-
	TOTAL	·	

### 18 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

s No	Particulars		As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		:•):	-
	SECURITY DEPOSITS		-	-
86.156	EMPLOYEE ADVANCES		-	-
	ADVANCES TO RELATED PARTY		-	-
	CLAIMS		-	
(f)	OTHERS		-	-
	TOTA	L		

### 19 OTHER CURRENT TAX ASSETS

0 N-	D. Heulers	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars	<u></u>	7.00
(a)	CURRENT YEARS TAXES RECOVERABLE(NET OF LIABILITY)		
(b)	ADVANCE PAYMENT OF INCOME TAX	-	
	SERVICE TAX RECEIVABLE	-	•
·	Company of the Compan	=	S <del>=</del> 2
(d)	IGST	₽	
(e)	INPUT CGST		_
(f)	INPUT IGST	5	
11,000	INPUT SGST		
10/	TOTAL		

## 20 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:

e No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	PREPAID EXPENSES	#0	
	A CONTROL OF THE CONT	-	
	ADVANCE TO SUPPLIERS		
(c)	ADVANCE OTHERS THAN CAPITAL ADVANCES		1
(d)	RECOVERABLE FROM GST		·
1-1	TOTAL		

## 21 SHARE CAPITAL:

S. No. P	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	i) AUTHORISED:		
	1000000 (LAST YEAR 1000000) EQUITY SHARES OF Rs.10/-EACH	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00

### NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

S.No	PARTICULARS		
(b)	(ii) ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP SHARE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD 50000/- (PREVIOUS YEAR 50000/-) EQUITY SHARE OF `10/- ADD: FORFIETED SHARE	500,000.00	500,000.00
-	TOTAL	500,000.00	500,000.00

# A. RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY SHARES OUTSTANDING AT THE BEGINNING AND AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

		AS AT 31st	AS AT 31st MARCH 2020		AS AT 31st MARCH 2019	
S. No	Particulars	No.of Shares	Amounts	No.of Shares	Amounts	
(a)	SHARE OUTSTANDING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	50000	500000.00	50000	500000.00	
	Add:-ISSUED DURING THE YEAR	-				
	SHARE OUTSTANDING AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	50000	500000.00	50000	500000.00	

The Group has only one class of equity shares having a par value of '10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The group declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the company in proportion to the number of equity shares held

## DETAILS OF SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING MORE THAN 5% SHARES

		AS AT 31st	MARCH 2020	AS AT 31st MA	ARCH 2019
S. No	Particulars	No.of Shares	% of Holding	No.of Shares	% of Holding
(a)	RR FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS LIMITED	50000	100%	50000	100%

#### 22 OTHER EQUITY:

S No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	RESERVE AND SURPLUS	·=1	
\-/	SECURITY PREMIUM ACCOUNT		-
	GENERAL RESERVE	1 V 4281	-
	RETAINED EARNING	227,616.79	229,616.79
	EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THROUGH OTHER INSTRUMENTS		-
(f)	OTHER RESERVES		220 646 70
	TOTAL OTHER EQUITY	227,616.79	229,616.79

S. No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
(A)	GENERAL RESERVE		
1000000	AT THE BEGINNING OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD	-	
	ADDITIONS DURING THE YEAR	-	
	AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD		===
(B)	SECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT		547
	AT THE BEGINNING OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD	9 <del>.</del> €	-
	ADDITIONS DURING THE YEAR	ú <b>-</b> :	
	LESS:- BONUS SHARES ISSUED		
	AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD	<u> </u>	-
(C)	SURPLUS	229,616.79	231,616.79
	AT THE BEGINNING OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD	(2,000.00)	a diamenta
	ADDITIONS DURING THE YEAR	(2,000.00)	(2,000.00
	(BALANCE IN STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS A/C)	_	
	LESS: ALLOCATIONS AND APPROPRIATIONS	1	
	INTERIM DIVIDEND		
	TAX ON DIVIDEND	227,616.79	229,616.79
	AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD	221,010.10	220,010
(D)	EQUITY THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		120
	OPENING BALANCE		,
	ADDITIONS/(DELETION) DURING THE YEAR		1071
	CLOSING BALANCE		
		227,616.79	229,616.7
	GRAND TOTAL(A+B+C+D)	227,616.79	223,010.7

#### NON CURRENT LIABILITIES 23

	LONG TERM BORROWINGS	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
S. No	Particulars	AS at 31/03/2020	AS at S 1700/2010
	SECURED		_
	(a) BONDS/DEBENTURES	A	
	(b) TERM LOANS	1	Kumar G
		/	13/
		//	œ/
		H	

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

		<u>51-1v</u>	101 2020		
NO TE No.	S.No	PARTICULARS			
П		(c) LOAN FROM RELATED PARTIES	-	- "	
		(d) OTHER LOANS & ADVANCES	-		
	(b)	UNSECURED (a) BONDS / DEBENTURES (b) TERM LOANS (c) LOANS FROM RELATED PARTIES (d) OTHER LOANS AND ADVANCE	143,695.00 85,000.00 228,695.00		
		TOTAL	228,695.00	228,695.00	
24		NON CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES			
	S. No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019	
	(a)	SUNDRY CREDITORS	-	- 1	
	(b)	DUE TO RELATED PARTY	<u> </u>	-	
	100 100	I .			

## 25 OTHER NON CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

S No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	DEPOSITS	-	0 <del>=</del>
	SECURITY DEPOSITS FROM RELATED PARTIES		-
(5)	TOTAL	•n	

TOTAL

### 26 <u>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)</u>

DUE TO OTHERS

C N-	Destinutors	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	Particulars DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		
(a)	TOTAL	-	

### 27 LONG-TERM PROVISIONS:

C No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
			2
(a)	PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	,	
(b)	OTHERS		
(-/	TOTAL	•	

### 28 OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

C No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
			2-6
(a)	ADVANCES FROM RELATED PARTY		120
(b)	ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	,	
(c)	OTHERS	-	
	TOTAL		

#### 29 BORROWINGS

0.000		As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
S. No	Particulars		
	SECURED		
	(a) BONDS/DEBENTURES	-	2
	(b) TERM LOANS	-	
	(c) LOAN FROM RELATED PARTIES	-	
	(d) OTHER LOANS & ADVANCES	<u> </u>	
	UNSECURED		_
	(a) BOND / DEBENTURES (b) TERM LOANS	-	* , *
	(c) LOANS FROM RELATED PARTIES		
	(d) OTHER LOANS		
_	TOTAL		

#### 30 TRADE PAYABLES

C2 1 7 2 1 2	2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
S. No	Particulars	-	-
	SUNDRY CREDITORS	-	
(b)	DUE TO RELATED PARTY	-0	
(c)	DUE TO OTHERS		
	TOTAL		



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

NO		
TE	PARTICULARS	
No.		

## 31 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

S. No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	SECURITY	-	-
	DEPOSITS		-
(c)	OTHER LIABILITIES (INCLUDING CREDITORS FOR EXPENSES AND OTHERS)		
	TOTAL	-	15.

## 32 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

S No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	REVENUE IN ADVANCE	-	=
	OTHER ADVANCE	N @	
(c)	STATUTORY LIABILITIES	32,366,00	30,366.00
(d)	OTHER LIABILITIES PAYABLE	02,000.00	
	TOTAL	32,366.00	30,366.00

#### 33 CURRENT PROVISIONS

e No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
(a)	PROVISIONS FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS LIABILITIES OF EXPENSES FOR EXPENSES PROVISION	-	-
(2)	TOTAL	-	-

### 34 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES

S No	Particulars	As at 31/03/2020	As at 31/03/2019
	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	A.P.	-
	TOTAL	-	



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THEYEAR ENDED

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

Nate	PARTICULARS	<i>A</i>	As at March	31st,2020	As at Marc	ch 31st,2019
No.	FAITHOURING					
5 <u>RE</u>	VENUE FROM OPERATIONS					
IN	COME FROM OPERATIONS		,	-	•6	
	,				•	-
то т	THER INCOME:					
	The state of the s			-		
	TEREST INCOME			-		
	VIDEND INCOME			120		
	ET GAIN/LOSS ON SALE OF FIXED ASSETS	270		-	*	
0	THER NON-OPERATING INCOME		W a		es 48	9
			91		•0	
	MPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE			8		
	ALARY AND WAGES			-		
	RECTOR'S REMUNERATIONS					
	ONTRIBUTION TO PROVIDENT FUND & ESI			t <del>=</del> :		
	RREAR PROVIDENT FUND & ESI			v=-		
9 30	THER EXPENSES			<b></b>		
W	ORKERS AND STAFF WELFARE				V20	
В	SUNC	8			*	
					=	*
B FII	NANCIAL COSTS:					
	ITEREST EXPENSES			; <del>-</del>		
	ITEREST TO BANK	9				
	ITEREST TO PARTIES/DISTRIBUTORS (NET)			-		
	ITEREST TO BANK ON VEHICLE LOAN					
	ITERST ON TDS & OTHER TAXES			-		
	THER BORROWING COSTS			* •		
	PPLICABLE NET GAIN/LOSS ON FOREIGN			-		
	URRENCY TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSLATIONS			-	_	
C	ORRENOT TRANSPORTENCE THE TENED TO THE				=	
	TON EVERY	av.				
	EPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES:	2 0		=0		
	EPRECIATION			=		
Р	RELIMINARY & PRE-OPERATIVE EXP.WRITTEN OFF					
	THE EVERNOES.					
-	THER EXPENSES:			2,000.00	¥	2,00
27	UDIT FEES			<i>a</i> . ■3		(4)
1700	ANK CHARGES					
	EES & TAXES			50 <b>=</b> 0		
	ENERAL EXPENSES			=		
	NSURANCE			. <del></del> 6		
	AYMENT TO THE AUDITORS				*	21
25	ENALTIES .			*		
	OSTAGE & COURIER EXP.				Ř	ž.
	RINTING & STATIONERY					
	ROPERTY TAX				類	
C	OFFICE REPAIR & MAINTENANCE	20		2,000.00	_	2,0
	8	1	march			

PAYMENTS TO AUDITORS

4

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THEYEAR ENDED

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

Nate No.	PARTICULARS	As at March 31st,2020	As at March 31st,2019
	PARTICULARS STATUTORY AUDIT FEES	2,000.00 2,000.00	2,000.00 2,000.00
<b>42</b> a	EARNINGS PER SHARES  Net Profit / (Loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (`)  Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as	(2,000.00) 50,000	(2,000.00)
c	denominator for calculating EPS  Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share (`)	(0.040) 10.00	(0.040) 10.00

#### RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE 43

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties given below:

List of Related Parties (as identified and certified by the Management)

	Parties where control exists	
S.NO.	Name of the Related Parties	HOLDING
1	RR FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS LIMITED	ASSOCIATE
2	RR INSURANCE BROKERS PVT LTD	
3	RR INFORMATION & INVESTMENT RESEARCH PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
4	RR INVESTORS CAPITAL SERVICES PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
5	RR FINCAP PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
6	RR EQUITY BROKERS PRIVATE LIMITED	ASSOCIATE
7	RR INFRA ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED	ASSOCIATE
	LAKSHMI NARAYAN INFRA ESTATES PVT LTD.	ASSOCIATE
8	PRIYA DARSHAN REAL ESTATE PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
9		ASSOCIATE
10	RR COMMODITY BROKER PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
11	RR IT SOLUTIONS PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
12	RR INVESTOR DISTRIBUTION COMPANY PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
13	RR INVESTOR SECURITIES TRADING PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
14	RR INVESTORS RETAIL SERVICES PVT LTD	ASSOCIATE
15	RR LAND ESTATE PVT LTD	7/10000111

S.No.	Key Management Personal	DIRECTOR
1	JEETESH KUMAR	DIRECTOR
_	DA IEEV KIIMAR SAXENA	DIRECTOR

Transaction during the year with related parties

	Transaction during the year with rel	ated parties			(₹ in Lakhs)		
S.No.	Nature of Transaction	31et N	farch, 2020	31st March, 2019			
		Holding Co.	Associate Co.	Holding Co.	Associate Co.		
		Holding Co.	1.44	-	1.44		
	Amount Due from us as at	5,99	1.5	5.99	1.5		
2	Amount Due to us as at	5.99					



(to be extent not provided for)

Contingent liabilities shall be classified as:



# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THEYEAR ENDED

(Amount in ₹)

Nate	PARTICULARS	As at March 31	lst,2020	As at March 31st,20
No.	PARTICULANG			*
	(a) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts;		Nii Nii	
	(b) Guarantees;		· Ni	Mark All States and St
	(c) Other money for which the company is contingently liable		Ni	
(ii)	Commitments shall be classified as:			
01.050	(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capi	tal account and not	Ni	14
	provided for;		Ni	
	(b) Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid;		Ni	
	(c) Other commitments (specify nature)			
45	INCOME TAX EXPENSES			
	Income tax expenses			
	Current Tax:			
	Current income tax for the year			or and these sites
	Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(A)		
	Deferred Tax	555 W		6
	Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax asset			
	Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax liabilities			
120	Unused tax(credit)[Mat credit entitlement]			
	Unused tax(credit)/reversal[Mat credit entitlement] of prior periods	-		- Automotive
		(B)		
	8	(A)+(B)		
	Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multi-	olied by India domes	tic tax rate for	31 March 2019
	and 31 March 2018	oned by male demand		<u>.</u>
	Assounting Profit Refore Income tax expenses	115.IB/Minimum		
	Tax at Indian tax rate of 19.055% (Company paid tax under section Alternate Tax) of Income Tax Act, 1961)	1100D(\text{\tin}\text{\ticl{\text{\tex{\tex		
	Tax effect of:			
9.	Non Deduction tax expenses	***		
	Tax effects of amounts which are not deductable in calculating taxa	ible income		
	Dividend Income	5		
	Capital Receipt	2	183	
	Other items			250
	Tax relating to earlier years			
	Deferred tax assets			
	MAT Credit Entitlement			
	Income tax Expenses	=		
46	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT		and the bacic	on which income and exp

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expendare recognised, in respect of each class of financial assets, financial liability and equity instruments are disclosed in note 2(i) to the financial enses statement.

(a) Financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2020 is as follows

(₹ lakhs) Total

umar

Amortised Fair value

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THEYEAR ENDED

(Amount in ₹)

Nate	PARTICULARS		As at March 3	1st,2020	As at March 3	1st,2019
No.	Particulars	through profit & loss	through OCI	Cost	Carrying Value	S
	Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalents Bank deposits Earmarked balances with banks Investments Trade receivables Loans Inventories Other financial assets Total Financial liabilities Trade payables		-	0.24 - - - 7.50 - - 7.74	0.24 - - - 7.50 - - 7.74	
	Borrowings Other financial liabilities		-	2.29	2.29	

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2019 is as follows

Particulars	Fair value through profit & loss	Fair value through OCI	Amortised Cost	Total Carrying Value
Financial Assets		_	0.24	0.24
Cash and cash equivalents		w w	-	: <del>*</del>
Bank deposits	1.	<b>~</b>		8=
Earmarked balances with banks	2	-	-	-
Investments		_	-	-
Trade receivables		-	7.50	7.50
Loans	2	-	-	-
Inventories	2		_	•
Other financial assets	·	-	7.74	7.74
Total				
Financial liabilities	_	-	-	-
Trade payables		<u></u>	2.29	2.2
Borrowings		-	V=	
Other financial liabilities			2.29	2.2

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted ) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly(i.e. as

prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). Level 3 - Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value in balance (₹ lakhs) sheet.

	Fair value hie	rarchy as at Ma	arch 31, 20
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
nent in quoted equity instruments		-	1



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THEYEAR ENDED

31-Mar-2020

(Amount in ₹)

Nate No.	PARTICULARS	7.	As at March 31	st,2020	As at March 31st,2019
Investment i	in unquoted equity instruments		 -	-	
Unquoted D				-	**************************************

(₹ lakhs)

	Fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2019			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
nvestment in quoted equity instruments		•		
nvestment in unquoted equity instruments		100		
Inquoted Debenture		•		
Quoted Debenture/Securities	-	<u>12</u> 0		

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company's principal financial liabilities compromise of loans and borrowing, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company operations. The company financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The company is exposed to market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's senior management oversees the management of these risks.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Such changes in the value of financial instruments may results from changes in the interest rate risk, credit, liquidity and other market changes.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instruments or customer contracts, leading to a financial loss. The company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities(primarily trade receivable) and from its investing activities and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will have difficulties in paying its financial liabilities. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements.



#### **47 SEGMENT REPORTING**

As per the management the company's main & only business is Consultancy Services. Hence the segment information required by AS 108 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on segment reporting is not applicable.

# 48 MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT Act, 2006

On the basis of information and record available with the Management, the following disclosure pursuant to the above Act are made for the amounts due to the Micro and Small Enterprises, who have registered with the competent authorities:

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any Micro / Small Supplier	NIL	NIL
The interest by the buyer as above, along with the amount of payment made beyond the appointed date during each accounting year	NIL	NIL
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest.	NIL	NIL
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	NIL	NIL
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Small / Micro Enterprises	NIL	NIL

### 49 Foreign Currency Transaction

Expenditure incurred in Foreign Currency - Nil

- 50 Parties accounts whether is debit or credit are subject to reconciliation and confirmation.
- Previous year figures are regrouped and rearrange wherever necessary so as to make them comparable with those of the current year.
- In the opinion of the Board of Directors , all assets other than fixed assets have a value on realization in the ordinary course of Business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated unless specified otherwise.

53 Non operative bank balances whether in debit or credit are subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JEETESH KUMAR (Director)

(DIN No.06701650)

RAJEEV KUMAR SAXENA

(Director)

(DIN No.07245902)

AUDITOR'S REPORT SIGNED IN TERMS OF OUR SEPARATE

REPORT OF EVEN DATE.

RAJIV KUMAR GUPTA CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS)

(MEMBERSHIP NO.83497)

PLACE:

New Delhi

DATED:

10/07/2020